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Advancements in Agricultural Fertilizers: Nano Urea and Neem-Coated Urea

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SUMMARY

The article explores ground-breaking developments in agricultural fertilizers, specifically focusing on Nano Urea and Neem-Coated Urea. Nano Urea leverages nanotechnology to address traditional urea's drawbacks, offering controlled nutrient release, increased uptake efficiency, and reduced environmental impact. On the other hand, Neem-Coated Urea combines the benefits of urea with the natural pest-repelling properties of neem, providing a dual functionality of slow nutrient release and integrated pest control. Both innovations aim to enhance sustainability in agriculture by promoting eco-friendly practices, reducing environmental impact, and improving overall crop yield. As the agricultural sector seeks more efficient and sustainable solutions, Nano Urea and Neem-Coated Urea stand out as promising advancements with the potential to revolutionize global fertilizer practices.

INTRODUCTION

Agricultural practices play a pivotal role in sustaining global food security. To enhance crop yield and optimize resource utilization, there is a constant need for innovative and sustainable fertilizers. In recent years, two promising developments have gained attention in the agricultural sector: Nano Urea and Neem-Coated Urea.

Nano Urea:

Nano urea represents a breakthrough in fertilizer technology. Traditional urea, a widely used nitrogenous fertilizer, has its limitations, such as rapid nutrient release and high susceptibility to leaching. Nano urea addresses these challenges by employing nanotechnology to modify the structure and release dynamics of urea.

Controlled Nutrient Release:

Nano urea particles are engineered to release nitrogen gradually, providing a controlled nutrient supply to plants. This not only improves nutrient use efficiency but also reduces environmental impacts associated with nitrogen runoff.

Increased Nutrient Uptake:

The nanoscale size of particles facilitates better absorption by plant roots. This increased nutrient uptake can result in improved crop yields with lower fertilizer application rates, contributing to sustainable agriculture.

Reduced Environmental Impact:

The controlled release and enhanced uptake characteristics of nano urea reduce nitrogen losses to the environment. This has positive implications for water quality and addresses concerns related to the environmental impact of traditional urea.

Neem-Coated Urea:

Neem-coated urea combines the benefits of traditional urea with the pest-repelling properties of neem, a tree native to the Indian subcontinent known for its various agricultural applications.

Slow-Release Mechanism:

Neem coating acts as a barrier, slowing down the release of urea into the soil. This ensures a more sustained nutrient supply, minimizing nutrient losses through volatilization and leaching.

Pest Control:

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Neem has natural pesticidal properties, and the neem coating on urea granules serves as a deterrent to pests and insects. This dual functionality reduces the need for additional chemical pesticides, promoting eco-friendly farming practices.

Enhanced Soil Health:

Neem-coated urea contributes to improved soil health by promoting beneficial microbial activity. The neem compounds have been shown to have positive effects on soil structure, nutrient cycling, and overall microbial diversity.

Environmental Sustainability:

By reducing the reliance on external pesticides and minimizing nutrient runoff, neem-coated urea aligns with sustainable agriculture practices, addressing both economic and environmental aspects of farming.

CONCLUSION

Nano urea and neem-coated urea represent promising strides in the quest for sustainable and efficient agricultural fertilizers. These innovations aim to enhance nutrient use efficiency, reduce environmental impacts, and promote overall agricultural sustainability. As research and development in this field continue, the adoption of these technologies has the potential to revolutionize global fertilizer practices, contributing to a more resilient and eco-friendly agricultural future.

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